

# **INSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL:**

FM SINGLE STAGE CLOSE COUPLED - STYLE PUMP





**SANITARY CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS** 

## DESCRIPTION

This manual contains installation, operation, assembly, disassembly and repair instructions for the Fristam "CCFM" style single-stage pump. Please read this manual in its entirety before operating the pump.

The motors used on "CCFM" style pumps are standard NEMA totally enclosed fan cooled (TEFC) motors. Replacement motors are readily available from local motor distributors. IEC motors are also available.

The open design of the impeller eases cleaning. The close clearance between the impeller and the housing and cover give efficiencies similar to closed impellers.

Fristam pumps have an internal mechanical seal which allows the product pumped to cool, lubricate, and clean the front seal. Fristam does not recommend running this pump without product.

DANGER: BEGIN ALL PUMP MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY DISCONNECT- ING THE ENERGY SOURCE TO THE PUMP. OBSERVE ALL LOCK OUT/TAG OUT PROCEDURES AS OUTLINED BY ANSI Z244.1-1982

AND OSHA 1910.147 TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL START UP AND

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# TECHNICAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS				
Maximum Inlet Pressure		1000 PSI		
MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION	N			
	nponents			
Also Available in		EPDM		
Surface Finish for Product Co	ontact Surfaces	32 Ra (standard)		
SHAFT SEALS				
Mechanical Seal Type		Double Mechanical		
Water Flush Pressure		1-2 PSI		
Water Consumption (seal flus	sh)	12 gph		
Primary Stationary Seal Ring	Material	Silicon Carbide		
Primary Rotating Seal Ring MaterialSilicon Car		Silicon Carbide		
Seal O-ring Material		Viton (standard)		
Also Available in	BUNA-N, EPDM,	other available upon request		
Motor Information				
Uses standard NEMA rigid base motors. Options include washdown, high efficiency, premium efficiency, explosion proof, chemical duty and IEC.				
Voltage and Frequency				
	-415 VAC2900 RPM			
3 phase, 60 Hz, 208-230/460	VAC3500 RPM			
3 phase, 60 Hz, 575 VAC3500 RPM				
Motor Shaft				
Axail and Radial play $\leq 0.002$ "				
RECOMMENDED TORQUE VALUES				
Impeller nut	40 ftlbs			
Seal retaining ring bolts	5 ftlbs			
Seal driver set screw	10 inlbs.			
Housing bolt	50 ftlbs.			
Cover nut	105 ftlbs.			
IMPELLER GAP (IMPELLER TO HOUSING MEASUREMENT)				

single or multistage pumps .030" - .040" (.8 - 1.0 mm)

## RECOMMENDED PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

#### RECOMMENDED SEAL MAINTENANCE

Visually inspect mechancial seal daily for leakage.

Replace mechanical seal annually under normal duty.

Replace mechanical seal as often as required under heavy duty.

#### **ELASTOMER INSPECTION**

Inspect all elastomers when performing pump maintenance. We recommend replacing elastomers (o-rings and gaskets) during seal, pump shaft and/or motor replacement. If the impeller nut gasket fails, the threaded hole on the impeller nut and the threads on the end of the shaft will need to be cleaned. A wire brush is recommended for cleaning these threads.

#### **LUBRICATION RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Use a food grade lubricant on o-rings and gaskets unless otherwise specified. If using EPDM orings or gaskets, an oil-based lubricant can't be used.

#### **MOTOR LUBRICATION RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Use a high grade ball and roller bearing grease. Recommendations for standard service conditions include **Shell Dolium R or Chevron SRI.** (See Tables 1-3 for more details.)

Table 1: Motor lubrication intervals for standard service conditions:

FRAME SIZE

NEMA/(IEC)

Over 210 to 280 (132 to 180) inclusive

MOTOR SPEED

3500 RPM

9,500 hours

For severe service conditions, multiply interval hours by .5 For extreme service conditions, multiply interval hours by .1

*Table 2: Service condition definitions:* 

SERVICE	MAXIMUM AMBIENT	ATMOSPHERIC
CONDITION	TEMPERATURE	CONTAMINATION
Standard Severe Extreme	104°F (40°C) 122°F (50°C) > 122°F (> 50°C)	Clean, little corrosion.  Moderate dirt, corrosion.  Severe, dirt, abrasive dust, corrosion.

#### Table 3: Volume of grease to be added:

Frame Size	Grease	Volum	ıe
NEMA/(IEC)	IN. <sup>3</sup>	<b>TSP</b>	
Over 210 to 280 (132 to 180) inclusive		1.2	3.9

## Installation

#### UNPACKING

Before accepting a pump from a carrier, visually inspect the packaging for any damage.

Check the contents and all wrapping when unpacking the pump. Carefully inspect for any damage that may have occurred during shipping. Immediately report any damage to the carrier. Remove the coupling guard and protective cover from pump outlet. Place your ear near the pump outlet and turn the shaft by hand, a small amount of noise from the seals is normal. Metal-to-metal contact will be very noticeable. If you have metal-to-metal contact, shipping damage is likely. Leave the protective caps over the pump inlet and outlet connections until you are ready to install the pump.

#### Installing

Prior to actually installing the pump, ensure that:

- the pump will be readily accessible for maintenance, inspection and cleaning.
- adequate ventilation is provided for motor cooling.
- the drive and motor type is suitable for the environment where it is to be operated. Pumps intended for use in hazardous environments e.g., explosive, corrosive, etc., must use a motor and drive with the appropriate enclosure characteristics. Failure to use an appropriate motor type may result in serious damage and/or injury.

We ship our pumps fully assembled.

#### DESCRIPTION

The Fristam "CCFM" single- stage pump has operating characteristics similar to standard impeller centrifugal pumps. The unit is NOT self-priming. It requires a flooded suction.

#### MAXIMUM OPERATING CONDITIONS FOR CCFM SERIES PUMPS

System Pressure: 1000 PSI (69 Bar)
Capacity: 300 gpm (68 m /Hr.)
Discharge Pressure: 1275 psi (88 Bar)

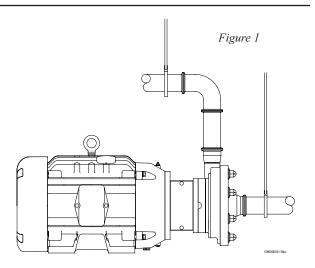
Power: 25 HP

#### PIPING GUIDELINES

This section describes good piping practices to obtain maximum efficiency and service life from your pump.

Maximum performance and trouble-free operation require adherence to good piping practices.

• Ensuring proper piping support and alignment at both the suction inlet and discharge outlet can help prevent serious damage to the pump housing (**Figure 1**).



- Avoid abrupt transitions in the piping system (Figure 2).
- Avoid throttling valves in the suction piping.
- Keep suction lines as short and direct as possible.
- Ensure that the NPSH available in the system is greater than NPSH required by the pump.

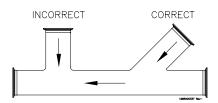
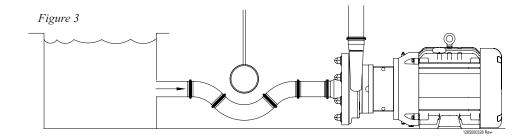
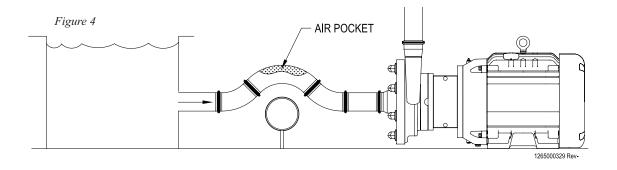


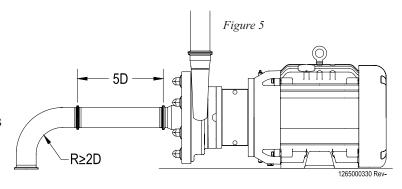
Figure 2



• Avoid sump areas where sediments may collect (Figure 3).



- Avoid the formation of air pockets in the piping (Figure 4).
- Avoid abrupt closure of shut-off valves, this may cause hydraulic shock which can cause severe damage to the pump and system.
- Avoid elbows in the suction line if possible. When necessary they should be located 5 pipe diameters away from the pump inlet, and have a bend radius greater than 2 pipe diameters (Figure 5).



We use standard duty TEFC motors unless otherwise specified. Many motor options are available: washdown, flameproof, explosion proof, hostile duty or chemical duty.

Have an electrician connect the motor using sound electrical practices. Provide adequate protection. Pumps fitted with mechanical seals must not run dry, not even momentarily. Determine the direction of rotation by watching the motor fan, which must turn clockwise.

The motor selected should meet the requirements of the specified operating conditions. A change in conditions (for example, higher viscosity, higher specific gravity, lower head losses) can overload the motor. When changing operating conditions or whenever there is any doubt, please contact Fristam Pumps, Inc., for technical assistance.

#### Pump Operations

#### START-UP INSTRUCTIONS

- Remove any foreign matter that may have entered the pump.
- Do not use the pump to flush the system!

Check pump for proper rotation as indicated on the pump. Proper motor direction is clockwise when looking at the fan end of the motor. (NOTE: When checking the direction of rotation, the pump must be full of liquid.)

• Never run the pump dry, even momentarily. Seal damage can result.

#### SHUT-DOWN INSTRUCTIONS

- Shut off the power supply to the pump.
- Close the shut-off valves in the suction and discharge piping.
- Drain and clean the pump as required.
- Protect the pump against dust, heat, moisture and impact damage.

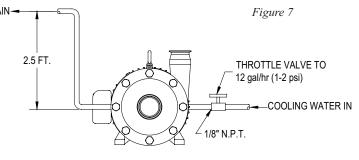
#### INSTALLATION OF SEAL FLUSH FOR DOUBLE MECHANICAL SEAL

Set up the seal flush for the double mechanical seal as shown in (Figure 7). Use only about 12 gallons per hour of water at a pressure of 1-2 PSI.

Pipe the exit side of the water flush with 2-5 feet physical height of tubing. This ensures that some water is always in the center seal and the seal never runs dry.

It is desirable to have the flush water on the outlet side visible. This allows an easy check to see

that the flush water is on and also if the seal is functioning properly. In a malfunctioning seal the flush water will disappear, become discolored, or show an unusual increase in flow. If these conditions exist, check the seal and replace if necessary.



WATER PIPE CONNECTIONS

## SEAL REPLACEMENT



Begin all pump maintenance by disconnecting the energy source to the pump. Observe all lock out/tag out procedures as outlined by ANSI Z244.1-1982 and OSHA 1910.147 to prevent accidental start up and injury.

#### REQUIRED TOOLS

One pair of pliers or channel locks

One set of feeler gauges

One 7/16" wrench

One 3/4" wrench

One 15/16" socket wrench

One 1" wrench

Soft-faced hammer

FM wrench - 1 1/2" open end (provided by Fristam)

Optional: One set of impeller pullers (commonly available as tack pullers)

#### PUMP HEAD DISASSEMBLY

**Note:** the reference numbers listed in the text (#) refer to the assembly drawing on pages 18 & 19.

Disconnect the suction and discharge piping. Drain all fluids from the pump.

- a) Loosen the cover nuts (37) with the 1" wrench. Remove the cover nuts, flat washers (36) (if supplied), cover (23) and cover gasket (22).
- b) Loosen and remove the four guard screws (27).
- c) Remove the seal guard (28).
- d) Using the FM wrench on the shaft, turn the impeller nut (21) with the 15/16" socket wrench counter-clockwise until it threads off the pump shaft.
- e) Remove the impeller nut and impeller gasket (19).
- f) Remove impeller key (35) from the pump shaft.
- g) Remove the impeller (20) by pulling the impeller toward you. (If the impeller is difficult to pull off the shaft, wedge the tack pullers between the pump housing and the impeller and pry the impeller off the shaft.)
- h) Remove the rotating seal assembly which includes: the impeller gasket (19), seal driver (18), rotating seal (15), seal spring (16) and rotating seal o-ring (17). To remove this assembly from the shaft, place the tack pullers on both sides of the assembly and pull toward the end of the pump shaft.
- i) Remove the o-ring (14) and stainless gapping spacer (13) from the shaft. **IMPORTANT:** This gapping spacer is unique to this pump as it ensures the correct gap for the impellers as installed at the factory (Figure 10, page 15). **Do not discard**. If you are replacing the pump shaft/motor on your CCFM pump, please contact the factory for proper gapping procedure.

- j) Remove the two water pipes (10) (if supplied) on either side of the pump housing using pliers or channel locks.
- k) Next remove the four pump housing bolts (26) and lock washers (24) which attach the pump housing (33) to the flange adapter (2) using the 3/4" wrench.
- 1) Slide the pump housing off the end of the pump shaft.
- m) Place the pump housing on its hub.
- n) Remove the stationary seal (12) by placing your fingers on the ID of the stationary seal and pulling it toward the front of the pump housing. The stationary seal o-ring (11) should come out with the stationary seal. Discard after removal.
- o) Turn the housing over and place it on the housing studs. Loosen and remove the four retaining ring bolts (8) on the pump housing with the 7/16" wrench. Remove the retaining ring (30), stationary water seal (31) and flat gasket (32) from the pump housing.
- p) Now remove the rotating water flush components for the pump shaft, which include: the rotating water seal ring (7), the rotating water seal o-ring (6), the water seal spring (5), and the water seal drive ring (4). The water seal driver (3) may be left on the pump shaft.

You are now ready to install the new seal and reassemble the pump head.

#### PUMP HEAD ASSEMBLY

**Note**: when installing the new seal components make sure that you use all of the components supplied with the replacement seal kit. Using some of the old components may reduce seal life.

You are now ready to install the new seals into the pump (Figure 9, page 12).

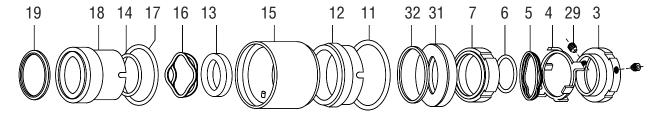
- a) Start the seal assembly by sliding the new water seal drive ring (4) onto the pump shaft with the shorter tabs facing the water seal driver (3). Align the tabs with the slots in the seal driver.
- b) Slide the new water seal spring (5) onto the pump shaft and position it against the water seal drive ring.
- c) Lubricate the new water seal o-ring (6) with a food grade lubricant. Place the o-ring inside the rotating water seal ring (7) and slide the assembly onto the pump shaft. Align the tabs in the water seal drive ring with the slots in the water seal ring.
- d) With the pump housing still sitting on the housing studs, place the new stationary seal flat gasket (32) and stationary water seal (31) into the pump housing.
- e) Replace the retaining ring (30) onto the hub of the pump housing and install the four retaining ring bolts (8). Tighten with the 7/16" wrench to the proper torque (see page 4).
- f) Turn the pump housing over and place it on its hub. Generously lubricate the outside stationary seal o-ring (11) with a food grade lubricant and place it onto the stationary seal (12). Place the stationary seal and o-ring into the bottom of the pump housing. Align the notch in the stationary seal with the pin in the pump housing and press the stationary seal into the pump housing until it snaps into place.
- g) Carefully slide the pump housing over the pump shaft and push it against the flange adapter (2) ensuring that the stationary seals (which are mounted in the pump housing) do not contact

(CROSS TIGHTEN)

the pump shaft. Note: the stationary seals may be damaged if they make hard contact with the pump shaft.

- h) Install the four pump housing bolts (25) with lock washers (24). Tighten them with the 3/4" wrench to the proper torque, see page 4.
- i) Lubricate the new seal driver o-ring (14) with a food grade lubricant and place it on the stainless gapping spacer. Slide the gapping spacer and o-ring on to the pump shaft. (Note: it is important, to use the same gapping spacer that was removed, as this is unique to your pump. The gap behind the impeller is listed on page 4.)
- j) Now install the new rotating seal assembly which includes: the impeller gasket (19), seal driver (18), rotating seal (15), seal spring (16) and rotating seal o-ring (17). First install the seal spring into the rotating seal between the pins and the front seal face. Next install the rotating seal o-ring into the rotating seal. Align the pins on the rotating seal with the grooves on the seal driver and press the two components together. Lubricate the impeller gasket (if it is not EPDM) with a food grade lubricant and place it into the groove on the seal driver. Slide the rotating seal assembly onto the pump shaft so the face of the rotating seal meets the face of the stationary seal.
- k) Place the impeller key (25) into the shaft keyway and slide the impeller (20) onto the pump shaft.
- l) Locate the new impeller nut gasket (19) and lubricate it (if it is not EPDM) with a food grade lubricant and place it onto the impeller nut (21). Thread the impeller nut with gasket onto the pump shaft. Hand tighten the impeller nut for now.
- m) Place the new cover gasket (22) into the groove on the pump cover and install them onto the pump housing. Thread the cover nuts (37) and flat washers (36) onto the housing studs. With a cross-tightening pattern, tighten the cover nuts to the proper torque, see page 4. (Figure 8).
- n) Place the 1 1/2" wrench on the pump shaft, to keep the shaft from rotating while tightening the impeller nut with an 15/16" socket wrench. Tighten the impeller nut to the proper torque, see page 4.
- o) Remove the wrench and rotate the pump shaft to make sure that the impeller moves freely. If it does not, recheck your assembly to make sure that gaskets aren't pinched and everything is seated properly.

Replace the seal guard and guard screws.



# **DESCRIPTION**

- 19. Impeller gasket
- 18. Seal driver
- 14. Seal driver o-ring
- 17. Rotating seal o-ring
- 16. Seal spring
- 13. Gapping spacer
- 15. Rotating seal
- 12. Stationary seal
- 11. Stationary seal o-ring

- 32. Flat gasket
- 31. Stationary water seal
- 7. Rotating water seal ring
- 6. Rotating water seal o-ring
- 5. Water seal spring
- 4. Water seal drive ring
- 29. Set screw
- 3. Water seal driver

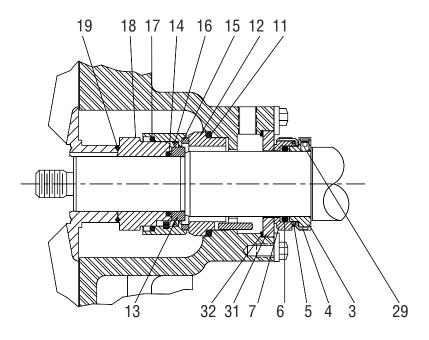


Figure 9: CCFM Seal Assembly

## PUMP SHAFT AND/OR MOTOR REPLACEMENT



Begin all pump maintenance by disconnecting the energy source to the pump. Observe all lock out/tag out procedures as outlined by ANSI Z244.1-1982 and OSHA 1910.147 to prevent accidental start up and injury.

#### REQUIRED TOOLS

One 1/2" wrench

One 3/32" Allen wrench

One 15/16" wrench

One 3/16" Allen wrench

Snap ring pliers

One 5 lb. soft-faced hammer

One spanner wrench

Screwdriver

One pair of pliers or channel locks

Shims

Shaft alignment tool

Torch

Arbor press

#### PUMP DISASSEMBLY

Disassemble the pump head as described on pages 9-10.

- a) Loosen the four flange bolts (24) and washers (25) with the 3/4" wrench.
- b) Remove the flange support from the motor.

The CCFM motor and pump shaft are one unit.

#### PUMP ASSEMBLY

Place the flange support (2) on the new motor unit (1), replace the flange bolts (24) and washers (25) and tighten to the appropriate torque (see page 4).

Finish the pump assembly as described on pages 10-11.

#### CHECKING THE IMPELLER GAP

If you have changed the motor, the pump will need gapping.

In order to check the gap, place the gapping spacer (26), seal driver (31), impeller key (56), impeller gaskets (32) impeller (33) and impellers with backplates (37) and finally the impeller nut (38) with the impeller nut gasket (32) in place. Tighten the impeller nut to the proper torque, see page 5.

The gap is measured between the impeller (37) and pump housing (54) using feeler gauges. (NOTE: Due to polishing and balancing the impeller, the gap behind each impeller blade may vary. The gap should be checked behind each blade and the smallest value should be used as your gap setting.) The correct gap dimensions are listed on page 4

If the gap isn't correct please contact Fristam Pumps for a new gapping spacer (26).

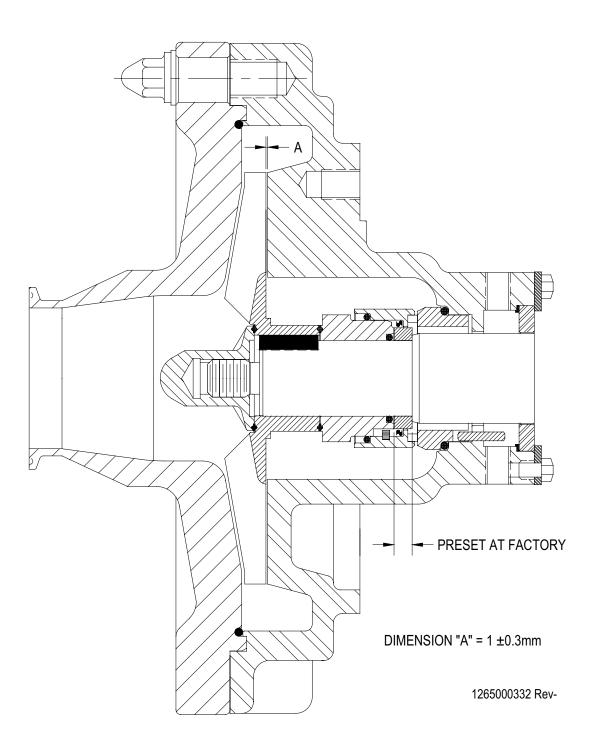
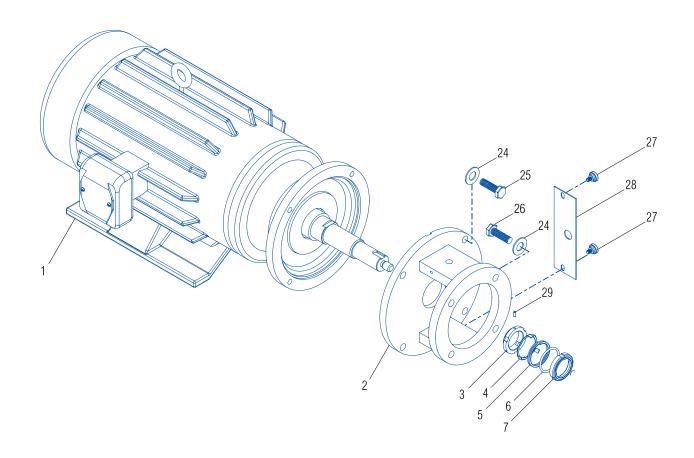


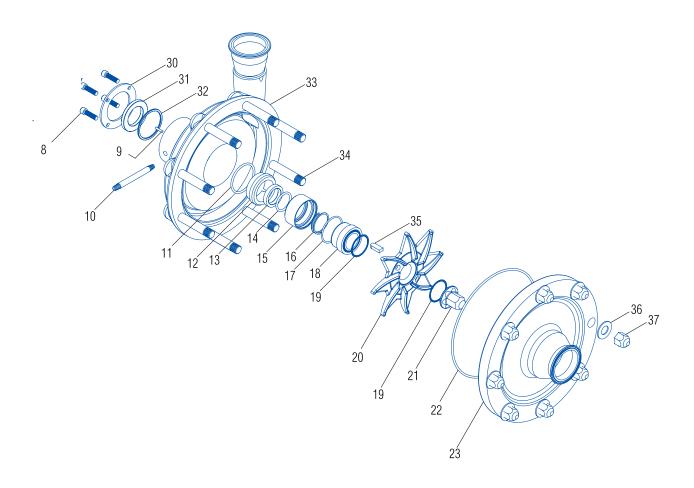
Figure 10: Gap Set At Factory



# CLOSE COUPLED FM ASSEMBLY EXPLODED VIEW

- 1. Motor
- 2. Flange adapter
- 3. Water seal driver
- 4. Water seal drive ring
- 5. Water seal spring
- 6. Rotating water seal o-ring
- 7. Rotating water seal ring
- 8. Retaining ring bolt
- 9. Housing pin
- 10. Water pipe
- 11. Stationary seal o-ring
- 12. Stationary seal
- 13. Gapping spacer
- 14. Seal driver o-ring

- 15. Rotating seal
- 16. Seal spring
- 17.Rotating seal o-ring
- 18. Seal driver
- 19. Impeller gasket
- 20. Impeller (no backplate)
- 21. Impeller nut
- 22. Cover gasket
- 23. Pump cover
- 24. Lock washer
- 25. Flange bolt
- 26. Housing bolt
- 27. Guard screw
- 28. Seal guard
- 29. Set screw



- 30. Retaining ring
- 31. Stationary water seal
- 32. Flat gasket
- 33. Pump housing
- 34. Housing stud
- 35. Impeller key
- 36. Flat washer
- 37. Cover nut

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

Fristam pumps are relatively maintenance free, however, in the event that a problem does arise, the troubleshooting chart below should help you with most of your pump related problems. If a motor problem arises please contact your local motor repair representative.

This troubleshooting chart has been prepared assuming that the pump installed is suitable for the application. Symptoms of cavitation can result when a pump is not properly applied. Examples of these symptoms are noisy operation, insufficient discharge, and vibration. If these conditions are present, check the system and re-evaluate the application. If you need assistance, contact Fristam Pumps at 800-841-5001 or 608-831-5001.

PROBEM	CAUSE	Solution
Discharge pressure insufficient	Direction of rotation incorrect	Reverse electrical phases to motor
	Motor speed too low Impeller diameter too small	
Capacity insufficient	Direction of rotation incorrect	Reverse electrical phases to motor
	Discharge pressure too high	Check for partly closed valves or blockages. If not, check pipework design
	Product viscosity	
	Air leaks on suction side	Replace pipework gaskets and/or mechanical seal
Drive power too high	Product viscosity too high Discharge pressure insuffi- cient Impeller diameter too large	Throttle pump discharge Check order and consult Fris- tam
Noisy operation	Cavitation due to insufficient NPSH	Frictional resistance in pipe- work too high or suction ves- sel level too low Reassembly pump or correct
	Impeller to housing contact	poor pipework installation Replace motor bearings
	Bearing failure	Consult Fristam

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Prices and all terms and conditions of sale are established in current price sheets and are subject to change without notice. All orders are subject to acceptance by Fristam Pumps USA Limited Partnership.

Each Fristam Pumps item is warranted to be free from manufacturing defects for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment, providing it has been used as recommended and in accordance with recognized piping practice, and providing it has not been worn out due to severe service, such as encountered under extremely corrosive or abrasive conditions.

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All claims must be in writing and mailed or delivered by purchaser within thirty (30) days after purchaser learns the facts upon which such claim is based. Any claim not made in writing and within the time period specified above shall be deemed waived.

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If any provision of this Notice is held to be invalid, such provision shall be severed and the remaining provisions shall continue to be in force.

